The Bethel Courier.

A Weekly Family Newspaper, Neutral in Politics, devoted to Literature, Agriculture, Education, the Mechanic Arts, and the News of the Day.

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The Bethel Courier.

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Selected Tales.

THE CABIN BOY;
A Shipmaster's Story.

On my way across the Sound I fell in with two old sea captains—John Streeter and Asa Morton—with whom I had some slight acquaintance. Capt. Streeter was about three score, and had followed the sea during most of his life. Morton was considerably younger, but still a seaman of much experience. The subject of the abolition of flogging in our navy came up in course of conversation; and Capt. Morton expressed himself very decidedly in favor of that time honored cat-o nine-tails.

"I am not prepared to say," remarked Captain Streeter, in reply," that the condition of our man-of wars-men will be in every case benefitted by the abolition of flogging, though I am sure that it might be so. I mean that the officers have it in their power to do away with all kinds of punishment. I mean, of course, for such offences as are usually punished on shipboard."

"For my part," returned Morton. "I shouldn't care to take command of a ship if the power of punishing refractory seamen as I thought proper were taken from me."

"Well," said Captain Streeter, "I used to think just so. In fact, there were but few masters more severe than I was. Men used to run away from me. And on more than one occasion my life has been in danger from the violence of men whom I had abused. I used the cat and the rope's end almost as freely as I used my tongue; and I used to wonder how it happened that I always had the luck to get such bad men.

When I was about forty years of age I took command of the ship Peter [illegible]. She was an old craft, and had [illegible] much service as she was capable of sailing with safety. But her owners were willing to trust a valuable [illegible] in her, so I wouldn't refuse to [illegible] myself. We were bound to Liverpool, and nothing unusual happened until about the eighth day out, when we ran foul of a small iceberg. It was early in the morning, before daylight, and not above six or eight feet of ice was above water, it having probably been rolled in the waters of the Gulf Stream. I did not think the ship sustained much injury, for the shock was slight; but I was very anxious to have a look out a severe punishment, without stopping to inquire whether he could have seen the iceberg in time to escape it.

My cabin boy was named Jac Withers. He was fourteen years of age, and this was his first voyage. I had taken him from a widowed mother, and had promised her that I would see him well treated—that was, if he behaved himself. He was a bright, quick, intelligent lad. I soon made myself believe that he had an awful disposition. I fancied that he was the most stubborn piece of humanity I had ever come across. I made up my mind he had never been properly governed, and resolved to break him in. I told him I'd curb his temper before I had done with him. In reply he told me I might kill him if I liked; and I flogged him with the end of the mizzen top gallant halliards till he could hardly stand, I asked him if he had got enough, and he told me I might flog him more if I wished to. I felt a strong inclination to throw the boy overboard, but at that moment he staggered back against the mizzen mast from absolute weakness, and I left to himself. When I reasoned calmly about the boy's disposition, I was forced to acknowledge that he was one of the smartest and most faithful lads I had ever seen. When I asked him to do anything he was off like a rocket; but when I roughly ordered him to do it, then came the disposition with which I found fault.

One day when it was very near noon, I spoke to him, and told him to go below and bring up my quadrant. He was looking over the quarter rail, and I knew he did not hear me, and the next time I spoke I ripped out an oath, and intimated if he didn't move I'd help him.

"I don't hear ye," he said, with an independent tone.

"No words," said I.

"I s'pose I can speak," he returned, moving slowly towards the companion way.

His looks, words, and the slow, careless manner in which he moved, fired me in a moment, and I grasped him by the collar.

"Speak to me again like that, and I'll flog you within an inch of your life," said I.

"You can flog away," he replied, firm and undaunted as a rock.

And I did flog him. I caught up the end of a rope, and beat him until my arm fairly ached; but he never winced.

"How's that," said I.

"There's little more life in me you'd better flog out," was the reply.

And I beat him again. I beat him till he sank from my hand against the rail; and then I sent one of my men for my quadrant. When it came and I had adjusted it for my observation, I found that the sun was already past the meridian, and that I was too late. This added fuel to the fire of madness, and quickly seizing the lad by the collar, I led him to the main hatchway, and had the hatch taken off. I then thrust him down and swore I would keep him there till his stubbornness was broken. The hatch was then put on, and I went into the cabin; I suffered a good deal that afternoon, not with any compunctions for what I had don, but with my own temper and bitterness. It made me mad to think I could not conquer that boy—that I could not break down his cool, stern opposition. "But I will do it," I said to myself, "by the heavens above me, I'll starve him into it, or he shall die under the operation."

After supper I went to the hatchway, and called out to him, but he returned me no answer. So I closed the hatch and went and went away. At ten o'clock I called again, and again I got no answer. I might have fan't that the flogging had taken away his senses, had not some of the men assured me that they had heard him, not an hour before, talking to himself. I did not trouble him again till morning. After breakfast I went to the hatchway and called out to him once more. I heard nothing from him, nor could I see him—I had not seen him since I had put him down there. I called out several times, but he would make no reply—and yet the men told me they had heard him talking that very morning. He seemed to be calling on them for help, but he would not ask for me. I meant to break him into it. "He'll beg before he'll starve," I thought, and so determined to let him stay there. I supposed that he had crawled forward to the forecastle bulkhead, in order to make the sailors hear him. Some of the men asked leave to go down and look for him, but I refused. I threatened to punish the first man that dared to go down.

At noon I went again, and as he did not answer me this time, I resolved that he should come to the hatchway and ask for me, ere I went any more. The day passed away, and when evening came again I began to be startled. I thought of the many good qualities the boy had, and of his widowed mother. He had been in the hold thirty-six hours, and all of forty without food or drink. He must be too weak to cry out now. It was hard for me to give up, but if he died there from absolute starvation, it might go harder with me still. So at length I made up my mind to go and see him. It was not quite sundown when I had the hatch taken off, and I jumped down on the boxes alone.

A little way forward I saw a space where Jack might easily have gone down, and to that point I crawled on my hands and knees, I called out there but could get no answer. A short distance further was a wide space, which I had entirely forgotten, but which I now remembered had been left open on account of a break in the flooring of the hold, which would have let everything that might have been stowed there rest directly upon the thin planking of the ship.

To this place I made my way, and looked down. I heard the splashing of water, and thought I could detect a sound like the incoming of a tiny jet of stream. At first I could see nothing, but as soon as I became used to the dim light, I could distinguish the faint outlines of the boy at some distance below me. He seemed to be sitting on the broken floor, with his form stretched out against the cask. I called out to him and thought he looked up.

"Jack, are you there?"

And he answered me in a faint, weary tone.

"Yes, help me! For heaven's sake, help me! Bring men and bring a lantern—the ship has sprung a leak!"

I hesitated, and he added in a more eager tone—

"Make haste!—I will try and hold it till you come back."

I waited to hear no more, but hurried on deck as soon as possible, and returned with a lantern and three men. I leaped down beside the boy, and could scarcely believe the evidence of my own senses. Three of the timbers were completely worm eaten to the very heart, and one of the outer planks had been broken and would burst in any moment the boy might leave it, whose feet were braced against the cask before him. Half a dozen little jets of water were streaming in about him, and he was wet to the skin. I saw that the plank must burst the moment the strain was removed from it, so I made my men brace themselves against it before I lifted him up. Other men were called down with planks, and spikes, and adzes, and with much care and trouble we finally succeed in stopping the leak, and averting the danger. The plank which had been stove in was six feet long by eight inches wide, and would have let in a stream of water of that capacity. It would have been beyond our reach long ere we could have discovered it and would have sunk us in a very short time. I knew it must be where the iceberg struck us.

Jack Withers was taken to the cabin, and there he managed to tell his story. Shortly after I put him in the hold he crawled forward, and when he became used to the dim glimmer that came through the dead lights, looked about for a snug place in which to lie, for his limbs were sore. He went to sleep, and when he awoke he heard a faint sound, like water streaming through a small hole. He went to the open place in the cargo, and looked down, and he was sure that he saw a small jet of water springing up from the ship's bottom. He leaped down, and in a few minutes found that the timbers had given wholly away, and that the stream was increasing in size. He placed his hand upon the plank, and found it broken, and discovered that the pressure of the water without was pressing it inward. He had sense enough to see that if it gained an inch more at most all go, and the ship be lost, and perhaps all hands perish. And he saw, too, that if he could keep the broken plank in its place he might stop the incoming flood. So he sat himself upon it, and braced his feet against the cask, and then called for help. But he was so far away, so low down, with such a dense mass of cargo about him, that his voice scarcely reach other ears than his own. Some of the men heard him, but thought he was talking to himself.

And there he sat, with his feet braced, for four-and-twenty dreary hours, with the water spurting in tiny streams all over him, drenching him to the skin. He had thought several times of going to the hatchway and calling for help; but he knew that the broken plank would be forced in if he left it, for he could feel it heave beneath him. His strength failing him—his limbs were racked with pain—but he would not give up. I asked him if he should not have given up if I had not come as I did. He answered that he could not have done it while he had life in him. He said that he thought not of himself—he was ready to die—but he would save the rest if he could—and he had saved us, surely saved us all, from a watery grave.

I had boy sick almost unto death; but I nursed him with my own hands—nurse, him all through his delirium; and when his reason returned, and he could sit up and talk, I then bowed myself before him, and humbly asked his pardon for all the wrong I had done him. He threw his arm about my neck, and told me if I would be good to him, he would never give me cause for offence; and added as he set up again—"I'm not a coward; I couldn't be a dog."

From that hour I never forgot those words; and from that hour I never struck a blow on board my ship. I made men feel that they are men—that I so regard them and that I wish to make them as comfortable and happy as possible; and I have not failed to gain their respect and confidence. I give no manly lessons, but make my crew feel that they have a friend and superior in the same person.—For nine years I sailed in three different ships, with the same crew. A man couldn't be hired to leave me for an officer's berth.

And Jack Withers remained with me thirteen years. He was my cabin boy; one of the foremast hands; my second mate; and the last time he sailed with me he refused the command of a new barque because he would not be separated from me. But he is a captain now, and one of the best this country ever afforded.

Such, gentlemen, is my experience in government and discipline on ship board."

A SLIGHT MISTAKE.

When Dr. Dough, eclectic physician was lecturing on the laws of health, and particularly on the evils of tea and coffee, he happened to meet one morning at the breakfast table, a witty son of Erin of the better class. Conversation turned on the doctor's favorite subject, as follows:

"Perhaps you think I would be unable to convince you of the deleterious effect of tea and coffee?"

"I don't know," said Erin, "but I'd like to be there when you do it."

"Well said the doctor, "if I convince you that they are injurious to your health, will you abstain from their use?"

"Sure and I will, sir."

"How often do you use coffee and tea?" asked the doctor.

"Morning and night, sir."

"Well," said the doctor, "do you ever experience a slight dizziness of the brain on going to bed."

"I do, indeed I do."

"And a sharp pain through the temples, in and about the eyes in the morning?"

"Troth I do, sir."

"Well," said the doctor, with an air of confidence and assurance in his manner, "that is the tea and coffee."

"Is it indeed! Faith and I always thought it was the whiskey I drank!"

The company roared with laughter, and the doctor quietly retired.

THE SOURCE OF THE NILE. The great problem of the Nile, which has occupied the attention of the world during so many ages, may now be considered as definitively solved. Capt Speke, who has just returned to England from an extended tour in Central Africa, in company with Capt. Burton, discovered a lake, called by the natives Nyanza, but by the Arabs Ukerewe, which appears to be the great reservoir of the Nile. It extends from 2° 30 south to 3° 30 north latitude, lying across the equator in an east longitude 33°. Its waters are the drainage of numerous hills, which surround it on almost every side. The new lake was cut out the mountains of the moon as at present existing on our atlasses. An expedition has been formed in Bombay for the purpose of continuing and completing the discoveries of Captains Burton and Speke. Mr. J. Kelley, Secretary to the Bombay Geographical Society, and Dr. Sylvester, are at the head of it. They are to set out in November, and will attemp a thorough exploration of the great lake region which is now known to contain the source of the Nile.

Our friend Jones has been doing homage to a pair of bright eyes, and talking tender things by moonlight lately. A few evenings since, Jones resolved to "make his destiny secure." Accordingly he fell on his knees before the fair unknown, and made his passion known. Much to his surprise, she refused him out flat. Jumping to his feet, he informed her in no choice terms that there were as good fish in the sea as ever were caught. Judge of the exasperation of our worthy swain, when she coolly replied, "Yes, but they don't bite at toads."

"Dad' why don't you take a ride in the cars some day?"

"Take a ride in the cars! why I've not got time, my son."

"Got time, sure, you can go anywhere on the cars quicker than you can stay at home."

Dad's answer is not recorded.

RECIPE FOR HAPPINESS—Go without your dinner, and see if you don't feel happy when supper time comes.

North Franklin Lands.

The Gospel Banner gives a very interesting account of an excursion by the Editor of that paper, with nine dozen other gentlemen, to the boundary line between Canada and the North part of Franklin County. We should be glad to publish the whole of it, but [illegible] make room for such an extract relating more particularly to the quality of the unsettled lands in that section, and their facilities for settlement. It is high time the public should take an interest in this subject.

"Between the West Kennebago mountain and Kennebago Lake, in No 3, Ranges 3 and 4 are several thousands of acres of the very best of interval and ridge land, almost entirely destitute of stone, with a hard wood growth surpassed only in the far-famed Aroostook, if anywhere. All this and much more we saw when we reached the end of our journey, a mountain between Woburn, and Canada, and No. 3 Range 5, in Maine. We reached an altitude of more than 300 feet, and looked off on one of the grandest panoramas that even northern Maine can afford. On the North stretched the great chain of mountains that separates Maine from Canada, the chain of ponds at the head of Dead River, and a part of Dead River valley, and the valley of the Arnold River and the sources of the Megantic; Northeast and East lay the broad valley of the Dead River, (the rout of Arnold in his famous Quebec Expedition) the settlements of which though thirty miles distant we could distinctly see, with Bigelow, Bald, and Spencer mountains, and like a faint cloud in the distance, Squaw mountain on the shores of Moosehead lake; South lay Abraham, Saddleback, Blue, and the charming lake country we had traversed from the settlements; and West were the mountain cradles of the Capsuptook, Megalloway, and Connecticut rivers, and the highlands of Oxford county, New Hamshire and Canada. Never did we see a finer valley than that on the East and Southeast. From the foot of the bluff on which we stood, almost perpendicularly beneath us it stretched to the very base of Bigelow, thirty miles by fifteen, an unbroken floor of leaves; except in seven places where as many lakes, blue as the eyes of childhood lay in the sun. The land seemed perfectly level, but really it is rolled into beautiful ridges of rich farming land as we learned on subsequently exploring it. Good judges of soil in our company declared that out of the best valleys in Maine, the land in this vicinity is not surpassed, and we must say that most of North Oxford, Somerset, and Franklin, containing more than fifty townships, presents a tract of country unexcelled in fertility and extent anywhere out of Aroostook county, with mill privileges in abundance, and every advantage inviting the settler; and the time must come when it will be the home of a numerous and prosperous people.

USEFUL INFORMATION. The washerwomen of Holland and Belgium, so proverbially clean, and who get up their linen so beautifully white, use refined borax as a washing powder instead of soda, in the proportion of a large handful of borax powdered to about ten gallons of boiling water. They soap in soap nearly one half. All the large washing establishments adopt the same mode. For laces, cambric, &c, an extra quantity of the powder is used, and for crimmed (required to be made very stiff) warming solution is necessary. Borax being a neutral salt, does not in the slightest degree, injure the texture of the linen; its effect is to soften the hardest water, and, therefore, is should be kept on every toilet table. To the taste it is rather sweet—is used for cleansing the hair, is an excellent dentrifice, and, in hot countries, is used with tartaric acid and bicarbonate of soda as a "cooling beverage. Good tea will not be made from hard water. —all water can be made soft by adding a teaspoonful of borax powdered to an ordinary sized bottle of water, in which it should boil. The saving in the quantity of tea used will be at least one-fifth. To give the bright the flavor of the green tea, add a single leaf from the black currant tree.

Scientific American.

The Bethel Courier.

BETHEL, FRIDAY, October 21, 1859.

OXFORD COUNTY CONFERENCE.

This Conference met at Bethel Hill, Oct 18. The Conference was organized by choice of Rev. J. Elliott, of Rumford as Moderator, and Rev. D. Garland as Scribe. A sermon was preached in the forenoon by Rev. Mr. Willey, of Sumner, from Jer. 2, 25, "Withhold thy foot from being unshod, and thy throat from thirst." It was a plain, practical sermon, and enforced upon christians what they should avoid and what they should seek.

In the afternoon after a short season in prayer, a discussion was held on the following topic: The Christian life. This was discussed under four heads 1st. Its source, by Rev, Mr. Burt, of Gilead. 2d. The means by which it is nourished and sustained. by Rev. Mr. Bowker, of Turner. 3d Its manifestations, by Rev Mr Richardson. 4th. The Christian Life as a power in the world, Dr. J. Fanning.

Remarks were also made by Rev Mr. Wheelwright, Peter C. Virgin, Esq., of Rumford, Rev Mr. Willey, Dea. Edmund Chapman, and Rev. Wm. Warren.

In the evening, addresses were made to the young by Rev Wm. Warren, and Dr. Tappan.

Wednesday forenoon was occupied in reading Reports from the churches, and in addresses on Domestic and Foreign Missions, by Rev. Wm. Warren and Dr. Tappan.

In the afternoon a sermon was delivered by Rev. Mr. Bowker of Turner, after which the Sacrament was administered by Rev. Mr Tewksbury, of Oxford, and Rev. Dr. Tappan.

The weather was rather unpleasant but the meetings were quite interesting. Much praise is due the Choir for their excellent and and appropriate performances.

☞ We copied an article two weeks since from the Boston *Journal* respecting the Piscataqua Fire Insurance Co., at So. Berwick, Me. From the tenor of that article, we supposed it to be a company got up by some irresponsible persons, and as our citizens have suffered so much from such individuals, we thought it but an act of self preservation to copy it; but we were surprised to find that it was the well known and well established company at South Berwick, whose responsibility we always regarded as above all suspicion. We therefore cheerfully, as also the Journal, contradict everything published by us detrimental to the interests of that company.

☞ There will be a Musical Convention at South Paris next week, under the direction of Mr. E. C. Farrington. We hope some of our singers, and we have some as good as anybody, will go down and have a good time.

☞ Godey's Ladies' Book for November is received. It pleases the Ladies so much that by the Middle of the month we hear the cry "Is Godey out?". It is a remarkably well sustained perodical.

Drought.—It is doubtful if wells were ever known to be so dry in this vicinity as at present.

☞ Bro. Lanson of the *Reporter* promises to aid us in securing an office, if we will present him with a pair of second hand pantaloons.—We have one extra pair, and if we thought we could make the other pair last till we received some pay from our office, we would send them over. We feel strangely elated with the idea.

☞ Bro. Forbes accepts our invitation to help us eat our Boll Flour. They will be good any time after Thanksgiving. He objects to our giving him any more bean porridge. It will be too fast for biliousstomachs, etc. Bro. F.

THE FAMILY PHYSICIAN.

No class of men is of more importance to a community than a good physician. There is no occupation requiring more exposure and more self denial. Many a time he is called up in the night, stormy though it be; and rides several miles to visit a patient even when the prospect is very small that he shall ever receive a cent for his services. To the physician life is one continued scene of inequality. He has no regular meals or sleep, and he is apt to be a broken down man before he is prepared to live.

Yet, it is an easy matter to speak lightly, and disparagingly of the physician. But whoever does it is sure to suffer sooner or later. No physician can judge of a case so well or prescribe so well when he is sure that he has not the confidence of the patient and the family. Besides medicine will not do half the good as where it is given with the full assurance that they put confidence in the physician. Every family should have its regular physician who best knows the constitution of each member of the family, and how to prescribe for them when sick.

We have seen people boast of their skill in managing cases of sickness, but the sequel is a sad tale in most cases. No physician who has spent all his life in the practice of medicine has any too much skill in arresting disease, and it is mere presumption to suppose that any person with no knowledge of medicine can be superior to the well educated physician. For our part we prefer to call the physician once when it is needless than to have it ever rung in our ears that we were once too late.

There is another reprehensible habit in every community, that of speaking contemptuously of every other physician in the vicinity but their own. Every physician has its families to visit, and nothing should be done to weaken their influence in the sick room. If the family is in doubt respecting the physician, they become excited and the patient is pretty sure to feel it as soon as any one. We have occasionally meet with a man who would ridicule everything in the shape of medicine or physician, but an attack of colic or cholera morbus most generally will remind such persons that they are dependent as well as others. We shall never forget the advice of an old physician when we entered the practice of medicine: "Make up your mind to be insulted every hour you live."

☞ The Puget Sound Herald, Washington Territory, says that there are twenty men to one woman in the Territory, and that there are 200 bachelors in want of wives. The Herald makes a pathetic appeal to young ladies from the States to go to the Territory where there will be abundant employment as teachers, milliners, tailoresses &c. Now we advise some of our industrious young ladies in Maine to go there and help make another new State. It is a healthy climate, a matter of the greatest importance, it has towns and villages springing up with its schools and academies, while it must have a fertile soil according to the following extract from the Herald:

High Price of a Farm. We were informed, a few days ago, of the sale of a farm of 160 acres, at Dungeness, in this Territory, for the sum of twenty-one thousand dollars! This to us seemed incredible, but our informant witnessed the sale, and assures us that the purchaser (Hon. F. A. Chenoweth) was perfectly sane when he made the purchase. The land is valuable because of its adaptability to the growth of potatoes; seven hundred bushels to the acre being the ordinary yield."

For the Courier.

I have rec'd from my potato field this year specimens of the Stark of Maine potatoes seventy hills for a half of a bushel which made nine bushels dried in number. — Aaron Abbott

For the Courier.

On the afternoon of Saturday last, a few of the Students of Gould's Academy, those who did not think it beneath them to do an act of charity, met at the humble cot of Aunt Sally Twitchell, so called, for the purpose of working up a pile of wood which said students had purchased.

The gentlemen attended to the cutting and splitting, while the ladies, all honor be to them, piled it up in good shape. We would not, of course, recommend such employment to the ladies at all times, but nevertheless we think there can be no harm in their *knowing how*.

The good old lady, who is now upwards of eighty years of age, insisted before we returned home, upon showing to us some of the marks of her industry, which she accordingly did. That which most attracted our attention was the banking which surrounded her humble dwelling; we judged it to be nearly four feet in height, and certainly it was executed in the neatest possible manner. She informed us that the only assistance that she had had in this work was a small shovel and a peck basket, in which she had brought the dirt from some distance. We think this a task requiring the utmost patience and persevering industry, even on the part of the young; judge then of our surprise in finding it to be the work of a person of her advanced age.

We received her many thanks for our kindness, and turned our steps homeward, each one happy with the thought of having done that, which, although it cost us but little, was the means of doing good. We hope others will follow our example, and that there will be no willingness wanting on the part of those who are able, to provide for her wants, and make the remainder of her days comfortable and happy. A Student.

☞ Dr. Holmes, in last week's Farmer, has a very sensible article on the subject of Dairy cows. He says, and we think with much reason, that in our efforts to introduce foreign blood, we have overlooked the milking properties in our efforts to secure fattening animals. Now it is well known that the tendency to fat in an animal is detrimental to their milking properties. The tendency of improvers of stock is to make them appear well which induces a disposition to fatten when quite young.

Now what most farmers, and most especially small farmers and mechanics want, is a good milking cow; and unless the improved breeds can show better stock in this direction, we fear the whole matter will prove a failure. We know that the Devons and Herefords are hardy and more easily kept than the natives, but the argument advanced that they give a better quality of milk sufficient to make the balance in their favor, facts do not prove. Our own opinion is, if you want to raise beef and working oxen, introduce the new breeds. Each according to your circumstances. If you want dairy cows, stick to the natives, unless it can be proved that the Ayrshires and Jerseys are better. It is an easy matter for farmers to run into extremes, and we are induced to think that the second better thought of our farmers will lead them to review this whole matter of stock raising at least so far as respects the dairy.

☞ A pressure of duties prevents us from preparing a Chapter of the History this week.

☞ Bro. Weston of the *Transcript*, extends a pressing invitation to attend the County Fair at Gorham, this week. He makes the most tempting offers, and if it were not for the powers above and below us, we should go. We hope they will have a good time

The printers drawer has been filled with a variety of splendid eating apples by Mr Geo. V. Ellingwood. If any body wants to buy the best of apples go to him. They are the nicest we have seen for the season. Many thanks for the present.

Report of the Committee on Stock.

Your Committee in viewing the ground to-day, found many very good cattle. First, they would mention one yoke of oxen, presented by I. G. Kimball were very nice and to him we award the first premium. Next, one yoke of four years old cattle by Israel Kimball, to him we award the first premium. One pair of three years old steers by Israel Kimball, we award the first premium. One pair by Caleb Rowe, are deserving of the second premium

One pair by Geo. Ellingwood, were deserving of the third premium.

There were many more steers on the ground, but as your Committee have nothing to give we make no more pretension on this grade of cattle. Next, pair two years old steers of the Devon blood owned by A. L. Berbank, should have the first premium. Four by Moses M. Russell, the second premium. Two by D. F. Brown, the third premium. One heifer two years old, of Devon blood, owned by A. L. Barbank, is entitled to the first premium. One by D. E. Brown, the second premium. Next, we noticed one yearling bull (presented by J. T. Kimball, 1-2 Durham 1 2 Devon This bull is as nice as anything we ever saw of the age, and is deserving of the first premium in every County Fair.

Moses M. Russell presented one yearling bull, to him we give the second premium. Washington Robertson showed some very good yearlings. also one pair by D. F. Brown, ought to have a premium.

Cows. There were a number of cows on the ground. P. Burnham showed two that we gave the first premium. D. F. Brown, one cow 2nd premium. Francis Barker one cow, 3d premium. The noted bull Romeo, I need say nothing in regard to him, he would take the premium at County or State Fair, his mate a half Devon and half Hereford is a fine animal. Farmers in want would do well to buy him as he is for sale. Francis Barker is deserving of the first premium for the best three years old heifer.

There were many more good cattle on the ground, but your Committee could not find their owners. One calf six months old by F. P. Towne, we award the first premium.

PUBLIC MEETING.—THE GREAT EASTERN.

At a public meeting of the citizens of Bethel to take into consideration the subject of securing the arrival of the Great Eastern at Bethel! His Honor, the Mayor, was chosen Chairman, and introduced the subject in a very dignified and impressive speech. He said that it was well known that Bethel was situated on the great highway of commerce between Liverpool and Canada West, and as Portland is only a provincial town, (at least he had so read in some papers,) and incapable of accommodating the great rush of people, he thought that Bethel was just the place for this noble specimen of Naval Architecture. After the applauses had subsided

The Editor of the *Courier* arose and said, that he had been down the Androscoggin River, and he had no doubt that if there should be a heavy freshet about the time of her arrival, she could easily float and be perfectly safe at the lower part of Barker's Island; and, as Bethel was between the Seaboard and Canada, and the position so near our depot, that every facility could be enjoyed to see her.!

Thundering applause followed, when it was unanimously voted to choose a committee of arrangements, consisting of one from each ward of the city, and to invite the Mayors of Montreal and Portland to be present.

Farm Mills Flour. Our readers will please notice the advertisement of Woodman, Phelps & Co. We have tried their flour and are glad of the opportunity to recommend it as a superior article. It comes fresh and sweet from the mill. Try it. Jacob Holt is their agent here, who will furnish it to customers.

Burnett's Kalliston.—The American ladies are distinguished when young, for freshness and brilliancy of complexion almost without a parallel among other nations, and which rarely fails to excite admiration and remark among travellers from the most refined countries of the old world. But, too often, this charming characteristic becomes faded and lost from a want of that care in preserving it which so trying and changeable a climate demands. To retain its bloom and freshness unimpaired, to a much later period than is generally the case, *Burnett's Kalliston* is a most powerful auxilliary.

Arrest of a Kidnapper. The Portland papers state that one Dr. I. S. Farrar, who was some time ago divorced from his wife, succeeded in kidnapping his child which had been assigned, by the Court, to the care of the mother in Dover, N. H.; and that last week the Doctor was captured in North Yarmouth by the police of Portland. when secured, a Colt's revolver was found upon him, ready loaded and capped. A gold watch, which he stole from his wife, was also taken from him. The child he dressed in boy's clothes for better security. He was taken back to Dover.

Exploits of a Thief. The Bridgton *Reporter* states that a man, name unknown, put up on Saturday the 8th at the Pondicherry House, and stole a butter-knife, silver spoon, and paid for his supper with a pewter quarter. From the Pondicherry, he went to the Bridgton House and stepped through the night. Sunday morning he engaged a horse at Mr. R. A. Cleaves' Livery Stable to go, as he said, to Naples, to be back at noon. He did not go back, but has since been arrested.

☞ The Treasury department has been officially advised by the Secretary of State that by an order of Spanish Government vessels of the United States arriving at Port Spain and the adjacent islands are placed on the footing of national vessels as regards the duties of the port of navigation. In consideration of this exemption, Spanish vessels arriving at ports of the United States, from Spanish or other foreign ports, will be permitted to enter on the same footing with vessels of United States, as regards tonnage duties light money, and all other dues to the United States, as far as respects the vessels: Spanish vessels, however, arriving in ports of United States, from Cuba or Porto Rico, not being embraced in foreign regulations as especially provided for by act of July 1832 and June 1834.

☞ Mr. John Wise writes that out of 113 balloon ascents in which he reached an altitude of three miles, the balloon sailed to the east 112 times. In the exception she remained nearly stationary—landed three miles west of the point of ascension. Out of 234 clear aerial voyages, and 219 topical ascension, he met with two slight accidents, and the loss of two balloons by their getting away from him. The accidents occurred in his novelists. The balloons were lost—one in a whirlwind, the other in a juniper swamp in Maine.

The Portland papers of the 14th announce the arrival of Frederick Cumberland, Esq., agent of the Great Eastern, who has come to make arrangements for her reception. He has no doubt but that the steamer will leave for Portland, Maine, the latter part of October. When he left, the company did not entertain the thought of her visiting any other port in America this trip but Portland, where it was expected she would remain about three weeks.

☞ The inauguration of Brock's Monument, and the celebration of the forty-seventh anniversary of the battle of Queenstown by the militia of Upper Canada, took place on Thursday last. The militia of the province was largely represented. Gen. Williams, the hero of Kars, and his staff, Sir Allen McNab, the leading military officers of Canada West, and veterans of 1812, were present.

STATE OF MAINE.

BY THE GOVERNOR.

A PROCLAMATION

FOR A DAY OF

Public Thanksgiving & Praise.

As the season of the time-honored Thanksgiving Festival approaches, proclaiming the close of another year full of the blessings of an All Bounteous Providence, religious and patriotic sentiments enjoin the duty of public demonstrations of gratitude and praise to Almighty God; the Creator and Preserver of the Universe and the merciful Benefactor of man.

For constant care and favor to us as a people, in the establishment, growth and development of republican institutions, assuring to all the enjoyment of equal privileges and personal rights, is due the homage of loyal and thankful hearts.

For life and health, sunshine and showers, the plentiful fruits of the earth, for social tranquility and domestic happiness, the means of universal education, religious instruction and consolation, it becomes all to unite in fervent expressions of praise and thanksgiving to the Author and Giver of all good.

I do, therefore, with the advice of the Executive Council, and in reverence to an established and venerated usage, designate THURSDAY, *the twenty-fourth day of November next*, as a day of Public Thanksgiving and Praise; and I recommend its observance by the people of the State; that abstaining from all secular employments, they assemble according to their religious customs and render unto the Heavenly Parent, the Source whence flows all our manifold blessings, the worship of grateful and obediant hearts, forgetting not at His Altar, the cause of the poor, the neglected and oppressed; and supplicating a continuance of the divine favor, as christians and patriots, let us unitedly implore that an inextinguishable love of civil and religious liberty may be kept alive in the hearts of the people, an ardent devotion to the independence of the States and the perpetuity of the federal Union; and above all, that a generous philanthropy, imbued with the spirit of christianity, may pervade all classes and incite all to the duty of cheerful and full obedience to the divine precepts of the great Christian Master; and so may our beloved Commonwealth be permitted to advance in the new era of social and political progress, see violence and wrong everywhere retreating, and witness the prevelence of a genuine civilization.

Given at the Council Chamber, at Augusta, this fifteenth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and of the Independence of the United States the eighty-fourth.

LOT M. MORRILL.

By the Governor:

Noah Smith, Jr., *Secretary of State*.

Vegetarianism. On surveying the list of nations and tribes whose food is principally or entirely, vegetable, we are naturally led to ask what confidence is due to that party in America or England which proclaims Vegetarianism to be the proper creed for civilized men, and vegetable food the healthiest and suitablest in every way. Many years ago, I was myself a convert to this doctrine, seduced by the example and enthusiasm of Shelley; and, for the six months in which I rigidly adhered to its precepts, could find no sensible difference, except that I was able to study immediately after dinner. It soon became clear, however, that the arguments on which the doctrine rests for support would not stand physiological scrutiny. It is unnecessary to do more than allude to such fantastic arguments as that of Rousseau, who maintained vegetables to be the proper food because we have two breasts, like the vegetable feeders; an argument as worthless as the counter-argument of Helvetius, that flesh is our proper food, because we have the blind intestine short, like the flesh-feeders. The vegetarian theory is at variance with the plain indications, afforded by our structure, and by the indications, no less plain, afforded by our practice. The structure of our teeth and intestinal canal points to a mixed diet of flesh and vegetable; and although the practice of millions may be to avoid both altogether, it is equally the practice of millions to eat it. In hot, climates there is little necessity for animal food; in cold climate it is imperatively demanded. In moderate climates food is partly animal and partly vegetable. Against instinct, so manifested, it is in vain to argue; and a theory of food which should run counter to it stands self-condemned. *Lewes's Physiology of Common Life.*

The Bethel Cour

MAILS.

Mails close as follows:—

To Portland, . . . 10 A

To Island Pond . . . 4 P

ARRIVAL & DEPARTURE OF TRA

Morning trains leave Bethel for Port

10 45, A. M. Morning trains from

land at 6 1-2, P. M.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

Every Sabbath at 10 1-2 o'clock, A. M.

1 1-2 P. M. in the Congregational

Free Church, . . . Rev. Mr. Wheelwr

Second . . . Rev. Mr. Gam

Universalist, . . . Rev. Mr. Ga

MEETINGS FOR PRAYER.

Sunday evenings at 6 1-2 o'clock, at the v

Bible Class, Tuesday evenings. Prayer

ing Saturday evenings.

PROSPECTUS

OF

The Bethel Couri

The Second Volume of our paper commence December 16th.

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Terms.—One Dollar in advance, or One

Dollar and Fifty Cents at the end of th

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be directed to the Editor. Business letters

to the Publisher.

☞ The entire secular press of California is opposed to the introduction of the Bible into the public schools, if any of the parents object. The *Alta*, *Herald*, *Bulletin*, and the other San Francisco papers, have declared against its use, and the Rev. Dr. Scott, (presbyterian) perhaps the ablest clergyman in the State, has written a pamphlet advocating the same view of the subject. The religious press is divided—the *Pacific*, and *Christian Advocate*, in favor, and the *Pacific Methodist*, *Monitor*, and *Expositor*, against.

The Great Wedding. Don Ovideo, the wealthy Cuban, and Miss Bartlett, of Maine, were married the other day, in New York. Great was the display of fashion on this occasion. The presents made to the bride by the groom, in item of dresses, amounted only to $30,000.

Portland, October 20. The steam saw mill at Island Pond, Vermont, belonging to the Hon. N. L. Woodbury of Portland, was destoryed by fire this morning. No insurance.

The Hon. Robert P. Dunlap, Ex-Governor of this State and Past General High Priest of the Royal Arch Masons for the United States, died this afternoon at his residence in Brunswick

All hands in our office were invited across the way to Twitchell's Saloon, where they found a lot of oysters nicely fitted up for their special benefit. If anybody wants to know how oysters taste when well served up, just step in there. We give a loud hurrah to Twitchell for the treat.

Our friend S. Chadbourne of Oxford, has a fine lot of fruit trees of different kinds at Chandlers', from his nursery. They are a choice lot. His trees brought home last year gave excellent satisfaction. We hope no one will let him carry off his grape vines.

The Bethel Courier.

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Second " . . . Rev. Mr. GARLAND.
Universalist, . . . Rev. Mr. GAINES.

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The Bethel Courier.

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The Continuance of the COURIER is no longer a matter of experiment. Its constantly increasing subscription list without the service of an agent for an hour, is the best evidence of its success that we can present. It now finds its way to almost every State and Territory in the Union, wherever the sons and daughters of Bethel go, there the Courier finds its way to gladden the hearts and homes of those far away.

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DYSPEPSIA.

Considering the various forms in which this disease develops itself, it may well be called "Ayden headed." In its train follow Indigestion, Pain in the Stomach, Heart Burn, Water Brash, Costiveness, Piles, Acidity, Oppression after eating, Jaundice, Flatulency, Torpor of the Liver, Dizziness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c. Some of the first men in our land have given their written certificates relative to the cures effected in their own persons by the OXYGENATED BITTERS; while testimonials from other sources, editorial opinions and voluntary expressions from persons who are averse to see their names in print, are perfectly overwhelming.

Read the following from a highly respectable Clergyman.

EAST TAUNTON, Mass., Feb. 9. 1858.
To the Editor of the Portland Mirror,—Sir:

OXYGENATED BITTERS.—For more than twenty-five years I have been a sufferer from the dyspepsia. Besides trying the patience of my family physicians in the almost useless trial of their various prescriptions, I have tried a great variety of patent medicines with a similar result. Through the kindness of my physician, I received last March, half a dozen bottles of the OXYGENATED BITTERS. I began to use them without any hope of deriving help from them. Being determined to give them a fair trial, I continued their use, but without any perceptible benefit till June.

Since then I have gradually improved in health till I am entirely free from acidity of the stomach, and from the consequent flatulency, and the awful and almost distressing sick headache, which often, for days together has wholly unfitted me for study and for all other ministerial duties, and rendered life a burden. I feel that I owe it, as an expression of gratitude to Messrs. Fowler & Co., and also a duty to the public, to recommend their Oxygenated Bitters, as in my estimation, a sure remedy for that most trying, most vexing, and cruel of all diseases, to which poor human flesh is heir, the dyspepsia. Having suffered so long, and tried so many different remedies with no good result, I can recommend the Oxygenated Bitters with a confidence few others can, if any of the readers of the Mirror are suffering, I beg of them to make trial of these bitters without delay. JAMES R CUSHING.

Prepared by Seth W. Fowle & Co., Boston and for sale by—F. S Chandler and C. and O. H. Mason, Bethel; Pray & Merrill, Bryant's Pond; J. Bartlett, Locke's Mill's; D. F. Noyes, Norway; B. F. Bates & Co., Paris, and by dealers everywhere. 4w44

Marriages.

In Shelburne, N. H., 9th, by D. L. Austin, Esq., Mr. Ansel C. Evans to Miss Lydia M. Gates, all of S.

In Lewiston, 6, by Rev. Geo. Knox, Mr. Elkanah R. Harlow of Hebron, to Miss Susan J. Tirrell of Auburn.

Deaths.

St. Anthony Falls, Minn., of Consumption, Mrs. Nancy R. Wife of Gilman Connor Esq., formally of Stillwater, Me., aged 46 years.

PARIS MILLS FLOUR!

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE recently purchased, and are now receiving a large quantity of

NEW WHEAT,

of a very superior quality.

They have made extensive additions to their buildings, and are now prepared to furnish

NEW FLOUR,

put up in new barrels, and branded with their own names, of the different grade of Double Extra, Extra, Fancy, &c., which they offered at wholesale and retail. They guarantee that no party can furnish a better article of Flour at the same price, and every barrel is warranted as represented. Particular attention is given to the wholesale department of the Flour Business, and orders are respectfully solicited and will be promptly answered.

They also keep on hand a supply of

Corn, Rye, Barley, &c.

SHORTS by the ton and at retail.

All of which will be sold at lowest prices.

WOODMAN, PHELPS & CO.

South Paris, Oct 20, 1859. 3m45.

LADIES!

GO DOWN TO

C. & O. H. MASON,

AND SEE THEIR

SPLENID ASSORTMENT

—OF—

NEW GOODS.

D. A. Twitchell,

WOULD inform his former patrons, and the public generally, that he has recently built and furnished a store on the corner of Main and Spring Sts., where he will sell goods Cheap for Cash.

Bethel, Oct. 14, 1859. 44tf

P. H. McCLOSKEY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

SWIFT'S BLOCK,

BETHEL HILL, Me.

Job Printing at this Office.

WOOD!

WANTED at this Office, in payment for the "Courier."

BOG CRANBERRIES!

For Sale by

C. & O. H. MASON,

SHORTS!

20 TONS of Shorts, for sale at

PARIS FLOUR MILLS.

WOODMAN, PHELPS & CO.

So. Paris, Oct. 20, '59.

G. T. Railroad.

Winter Arrangement.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

Commencing June 20, 859.

Trains leave daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows:—

Leave Portland for Island Pond and way Stations, at 7.15, A. M., and 1.15, P. M.

Leave Island Pond for Portland, at 7.30, A. M., and 1.30, P. M.

Leave Bethel for Portland, at 10.50, A. M., and 4.25, P. M.

M. Leave Bethel for Island Pond, at 10.3, A. and 4.25, P. M.

28tf S. T. CORSER, Superintendent.

WM. ALLEN & SON,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign & Domestic

FRUIT,

CONFECTIONERY!

CIGARS, &C.,

No. 13 Exchange St eet,

PORTLAND, ME.

3m33

TRUSTEE'S SALE. By virtue of a Deed of Trust from David Hart of Salem, in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts I shall proceed to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, on Wednesday, the 26th day of October inst, at 10 o'clock, A. M., at Chandler's Tavern on Bethel Hill, the following lots and parts of lots of land, lying in the town of Mason and Batchelder's Grant, being the same land conveyed by John Hart to David Hart, by a mortgage, dated Sept 6th, 1851, Recorded in Oxford Registry, book 91, pages 244 and 245, the same having been recorded in Oxford Registry, book 94, page 153, to wit: Lot No 11 in 1st division, 2-3 of 52 in 1st divison, about 9 acres of lot No. 1 in 2d Range, a part of No 2 in 2d Range, lots Nos. 42, 43, 22, 24, 57 and 58, also No 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 in E. Range, 2-3 of lots No. 20, 76 and 94 in the town of Mason; also lots No. 1 in 14, 1 in 15, 1-2 of 2 in 15th range, also No 46, 47, 15 and 2-3 of No. 18 and 26, in Batchelder's Grant; also, at the same time and place, about eighteen thousand bricks now in a chimney, standing on lot No. 1, in said town of Mason.

JOHN. F. BURNHAM, Trustee.

D. A. TWITCHELL,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods and Groceries, School Books, Stationery, &c.

tf Cor. of Main & Spring Sts., 44

BETHEL HILL, Me.

Freedom Notice.

THIS MAY CERTIFY that I have this day given my son, CYRUS A. BUCK, his time during his minority. I shall claim none of his earnings, or pay any debts of his contracting after this date. STEPHEN BUCK.

Witness:—REV. T. WATERHOUSE.

Bethel, Oct. 12. 1859.

SINGING SCHOOL!!

CHARLES C. BARKER,

WILL commence a course of 24 lessons in

VOCAL MUSIC,

MONDAY EVE., October 24th,

at the vestry of the first Congregational Church.

SINGLE TICKETS—$1.00,

which may be obtained of Mr I. C. Kimball, Mr. L. H. Barker, at the Post Office, and of Mr. D. F. Brown.

ISLAND POND HOTEL,

Island Pond, Vt.

Through Trains dine here.

Way Trains remain over night.

Porters in attendance to convey Baggage to the house FREE OF CHARGE.

Stairs and Covered Passage from Depot to Hotel. G. G. WATERHOUSE,

7 Proprietor.

Elm House.

Federal, Corner of Temple St.,

PORTLAND, ME.

S. M. MARBLE & CO., Proprietors.

S. M. MARBLE, W. S. STEVENS,

1tf L. M. MARBLE.

F. S. CHANDLER,

Is selling off his

ENTIRE STOCK,

—OF—

GOODS!

AT COST.

New Paris & Peoples Mills Flour for Sale at $7,25 and 6.50 per bbl.

F. S. Chandler,

OFFERS for Sale on the most reasonable terms, his entire

LIVERY STOCK!

Consisting of

4 Horses,

SINGLE WAGONS,

2 Passenger Wagons,

1 CHAISE, 1 GIG, 2 Double Harness, 6 Single Harnesses,

4 single Sleighs, 6 Buffalo Robes, &c.

WANTED.

500 Bushels White Lapland, State of Maine or Round White Potatoes.

100 Bbls Grafted Winter Apples.

F. S. Chandler,

Requests all persons indebted to him to make

Immediate Payment

F. S. CHANDLER,

Sept. 23, 1859.

BOOK BINDERY!

Stanwood & Co.,

No 2 Holland's Block, Lisbon St.,

LEWISTON, ME.

Book-Binders, Booksellers, Stationers, Blank Book Manufacturers, Paper Rulers,

Dealers in

School Books, Paper Hangings, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Toys, Engravings,

And all articles usually found in a Book Store.

Ledgers, Journals, Day-Books, Cash, Invoice, Wastes, Records, Letters, Dockets,

Also manufactured to order all the varieties required for

Banks, Insurance & R. R. Companies, Church and Society Records, Time Books, Registers for Hotels, &c.

Periodicals & Newspapers

Received as soon as issued.

PICTURE FRAMES!

of every description made to order.

Agents for the sale of Prof. Humphrey's

HOMOPATHIC MEDICINES

☞ Orders by Stage or otherwise promptly attended to. 3m10

N. T. TRUE,

Agent for the

Monmouth Mutual

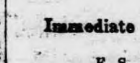
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,

the largest and safest mutual company in Maine.

Bethel Hill, Oct. 1, 1859.

CHARLES C. BARKER,

DENTIST!



Respectfully announces to the residents of Bethel and vicinity, that he has opened an office over the store occupied by G. D. Blake, cor. of Church and Main Sts., with the intention of making it a permanent location.

Artificial Teeth, from one to a full sett tastefully inserted. Great pains will be taken to render all operations successful. 3m40.

JAMES NUTTING,

Book, Card, and Job Printer,

BETHEL HILL, ME.

READ THIS!

AND THEN HAND IT TO

YOUR NEIGHBOR!!

—BUT—

Don't Forget

to call, yourself, at

EPHRAIM DRESSER'S

DRY GOODS

—AND—

GROCERY STORE!!

Before buying your supplies.

At all times on hand a full and Superb Stock of

Foreign & Domestic

DRY GOODS!

AND

GROCERIES,

Boots and Shoes, Feathers, Crockery and Glass Ware, together with

FLOUR, SALT & FISH.

ALSO—

FARMING TOOLS,

Window Glass,

PUTTY, NAILS, &c., &c., &c.,

AT AS

Low Prices

As can be found elsewhere.

EPHRAIM DRESSER.

BETHEL, July 21, 1859.

Fairbanks'

CELEBRATED

Railroad, Mail, Coal and Stock

SCALES!

OF EVERY VARIETY,

FAIRBANKS & BROWN,

1y20 34 Kilby Street, Boston.

The Great Embassador to all Mankind.

TAKE THEM AND LIVE!

USED THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

HERRICK'S

SUGAR COATED PILLS,

And Kid Strengthening Plasters!!

ONE box of Herrick's Sugar Coated Life Pills, costing only 25 cents, will last a family 6 months, save twenty-five dollars in physicians' bills, 15 or more dollars in lost time, and not unfrequently, the life of some member of the value of which cannot be estimated in dollars and cents.

Herrick's Kid Strengthening Plasters cure in five hours, pains and weakness in the breast, side and back; Rheumatic Complaints in an equally short space of time. Spread on a beautiful lamb skin, their use subjects the wearer to no inconveniences, and each one will wear from one week to three months.

Pills, family boxes, 25 cents.
Plasters on kid, 18 3-4 cents.
Dr. HARVELL'S

Magnolia Catarrh Snuff,

Cures Catarrh, Deafness, Sore Weak and Inflamed Eyes; Discharges from the Nose and Ears; removes those disagreeable sensations resembling the whirring of steam, sound of distant waterfall, etc., and all complaints of the HEAD. Boxes 25 cents, with full Directions.

HARVIL'S CONDITION POWDER

For diseases of Horses and Cattle. The sale of these Powders is immense, the satisfaction they give unbounded. Large Packages 25 cents with full Directions.

HERRICK'S matchless Sugar Coated Pills in large boxes, 25 cents. Five boxes $1.00.

Plasters on White Kid Leather, 18 3-4 cts.

These above articles are sold by all Druggists, and by one or more Agents in every City, Town and Hamlet in the civilized world. Herrick's Pills and Plasters have been established 20 years, and have saved thousands from the grave and their work of mercy is not yet half complete. Try them.

HERRICK & CO., Albany, N. Y.

For Sale by I. C. KIMBALL and JAMES NUTTING, agents at Bethel. HOLT & PORTER, West Bethel.

E. BLANCHFIELD, traveling agent. 1y38

GOULD'S ACADEMY!

THE WINTER TERM of this Institution will commence on the

Last Tuesday in November,

and continue eleven weeks.

N. T. TRUE, A. M., Principal.

BETHEL, Oct. 20, 1859.

Administrator's Sale.

BY virtue of a license from Judge of Probate for the County of Oxford, the subscriber will sell at public auction, on Saturday, October 22d, A. D. 1859, at one of the o'clock in the afternoon, at the Office of R. A. Frye in Bethel in the County of Oxford, all of the Real Estate of HANNIBAL G. CHAPMAN, late of Gilead in said County, deceased, was seized and possessed at the time of his death, for the payment of the debts of said deceased, expenses of administration, and incidental charges.

Said real estate consists of the homestead farm with the buildings thereon, situated in the towns of Gilead and Bethel, and being the same which the said deceased purchased of Charles Tenney and T. J. Chapman.

GILMAN CHAPMAN, Admr.

Bethel, September 16, 1859.

BOARDING

S. H CHAPMAN,

WOULD inform the public that he is prepared to accomodate those wishing to procure board and pleasant rooms for the coming season. His house is beautifully located on the Common, corner of

Elm st., Bethel Hill, Me.

and commands a fine prospect.

Terms Reasonable

Horses & Carriages

TO LET!

ICE FOR SALE

In large or small quantities. Cash

$1,000 REWARD!

WILL be paid for any medicine that will Imitate

Littlefield's

MAGNETIC ELECTRIFIER,

FOR THE IMMEDIATE RELIEF OF

Headache, Toothache, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Back, Side or Stomach, Earache, Burns, Scalds, Frozen, Chilblains, Bruises, fresh Cuts, old Sores, Ague in the Face, Sore Eyes, Spider bites, Bee stings, &c., and is the best medicine in existence for

CHOLERA, DYSENTERY,

AND ALL 24

SUMMER COMPLAINTS!

JAMES NUTTING, Agent, Bethel, Me.

IT IS SO!

The subscriber, having purchased one of those beautiful large French Cameras, is now prepared to take Portraits from the smallest to life size. Now is the time to secure large pictures at low prices. J. R. SMALL.

Bethel, April, 26, 1859. 20tf

TRUE'S

SUPERIOR

ELIXIR!

THIS medicine is compounded upon scientific principles, of vegetable substances, and is not only a sure exterminator of worms of every description, but it is the best medicine of the age for

Canker, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Sick Headache, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Bilious and Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Costiveness and Indigestion.

All of these diseases have yielded to this medicine when they have defied the power of all other. For

Canker in the Mouth or Throat,

it may be used as a gargle several times a day.

Dr. JOHN F. TRUE, PROPRIETOR,

26 Lewiston Falls, Maine.

JAMES NUTTING, Agent, Bethel, Me.

INGERSOLLS'

Hating House!

77 Middle Street,

(Three doors west of Post Office,)

PORTLAND, MAINE. 7tf

FIRE READY-MADE

FALL & WINTER

CLOTHING.

ELEGANT OVERCOATS

FROCK & BUSINESS COATS

PANTS AND VESTS,

superbly made and trimmed,

At Lowest Prices for Cash,

—AT—

J. W. SMITH & CO.'S

DOCK SQUARE, cor. Elm St.

BOSTON.

HAVING connection with all the largest manufacturing establishments in New York, Lowell and other Cities, we enjoy superior advantages for supplying the very best goods at the lowest possible prices. The largest stock found to equal anything made in the United States, and the workmanship for neatness and durability cannot be excelled, and is so acknowledged by all who patronize our establishment.

We also make to order clothing of every description, at short notice, on the most reasonable terms, as prices of our ready-made clothing

Boston, Sept. 29, 1859. 3m41

The Bethel Courier and Family Paper.

Agricultural.

HORTICULTURAL HINTS.

CURRANTS—MILDEW ON GOOSEBERRIES—RASPBERRIES—PEAR TREES—RHUBARB—MANURE—SEED.

Those currant bushes that I trail up beside the fence in the manner that grape vines usually are upon the side of houses, I find yield more currants than those which are left to take their own course.

Mildew on gooseberries can be prevented easily, one would think, on reading articles in regard to it in the papers, but my experience says different. I think that some varieties are affected, while others are not; one bush in my garden has not been subject to it, and from it I have propagated ten others, which never have been.

Raspberry bushes need looking after; cut the old and weak new stocks off, leaving the strong, healthy ones for the bearers next year; take good care to manure well, and the time spent will well be paid for.

Pear trees whose trunks are protected from the hot sun. I find they have made more wood than those exposed.

If you wish to have rhubarb early, cover up the roots this fall with horse manure; the strength of it, which will get soaked out by the rains, will not hurt the roots.

My three porkers have three wheelbarrow loads of muck each day to covert into manure, which they do by the aid of that which is thrown from the horse and cow to mix with it.

Give heed to the seed which is ripe—do not let the birds gather it, and you be obliged to call on the seedsman to get that which you are not sure is so good. My seed corn I gather from those ears which ripen first. Crops of all kinds look finely. S. F. M.

Cape Elizabeth, Sept. 1859.

New England Farmer.

DWARF PEARS.

The extensive failure of pears in the quince stock, is leading some cultivators to inquire if there has not been some radical error in their mode of cultivation. A common practice among those who have taken special pains with their trees, has been to dig holes five feet squre, and three feet deep, and then to fill them with a mixture of rotted sods, stable manure, bones, ashes, plaster, night soil, etc., etc. Trees so planted have sometimes succeeded, but very often have failed. Many cultivators now claim that this is an irrational mode of treatment. When a tree is first set out, they affirm, it is in a suffering condition; it has been rudely torn from its native home, and wants time and quiet to recover itself. Why commence stimulating and over-taxing it at once? Let it have at least one year to heal its wounds, and regain its lost strength. After this, manure may be applied in sufficient quantity.

And then, instead of the deep holes, and the deep manuring, it is now claimed that nearly the opposite treatment should be given. Spade or plow to the usual depth of good tillage, and set out the tree as we do a currant bush. Put no manure in the bottom of the hole, and, least of all, animal manures. Keep the roots near the surface; they will strike as deep as it is for their good. If the roots are set deep, and are encouraged to strike lower still the buds will start earlier in the Spring than the climate will warrant, thus producing leaf-blight; and then in the Fall, the warmth of the lower soil will continue the growth of wood so late, that it will not ripen off well before frost sets in; this will tend to produce frozen sap-blight. The tree ought to be in a state of repose for several weeks before Winter sets in.

As to manuring, it is held that it should all be applied on the surface. This is nature's way. Laid on the surface in the Fall, it protects the roots from severe frost, and may be forked in slightly in the Spring. A little more applied in the Spring, becomes a good mulching for the Summer. This manure, as it gradually decays, sends down its fertilizing properties to the roots in a liquid form—just what nature demade—which is far better than putting gross, exciting substances directly in contact with the roots. An excellent compost for pears and other fruit trees may be made of burnt or rotted sods, mixed with stable manure, which, when thoroughly decomposed, may be treated with a little salt and lime or potash. For a simple mulch, coal ashes are sometimes used with good effect.

American Agriculturalist.

Report of Committee on Horses Colts, Trotting and Riding

Two Horses and five colts were entered.

Mr. Nathan Grover of Bethel entered a fine pair of Black matched Horses 5 years old which look well together. Your Committee did not see them move or have the pleasure of a ride after them and cannot judge of their action.

Dea. Eli Foster of Bethel entered a very fine Bay Mare, 3 years old.—This mare showed by her beautiful form and extra limbs that she belonged to the Morgan family, although much improved by a cross with the well known breed called the Hazard.—This mare weighed 1035.

Mr. Nelson Russell of Greenwood entered a Roan Gray colt, 2 years old, which was good size, and called fine by your Committee.

Mr. A. S. Chapman of Bethel, presented a 2 years old Sorrel colt which was supported by extra limbs and was considered by your Committee, a good colt.

Your Committee would here say that some might have escaped their notice owing to the amount of business they had to do, and the irregular manner in which the Horses and Colts were placed.

Trotting. Only three horses were entered.

One 6 years old gelding by Cyrus Wormell; driven by C. M. Worell best heat in 3. Best time 3-9; average 3-15.

One 6 years old gelding entered by Ezekel Eveleth and driven by John C. Stearns Best time, 3-6; average 3-18 1-4.

One Horse owned and entered by Samuel Brown, Jr., and driven by O'Niel Hastings. Best time 3-6; average 3-21.

Your Committee would here remark that had their been a fair chance a track that could have been a fair chance, a track that could have been controled the horses would have done much better; it being in the highway it was almost impossible to keep it clear. Much credit is due the horses and also the drivers.

Riding.—The cavalcade made its appearance at two o'clock, ten in number—five ladies and five gentlemen.

1st. Mr. O P. Grover and Miss Fannie E. Russell. Mr. Grover appeared to be in his element. It seems to be very natural for this young man to be riding or driving a horse, and of course appeared well.

Miss Russell also appeared to be in her element. Being an experienced rider, having been educated by her Father who by the way gives lessons in riding Miss R. is one of our best riders.

2d. Mr. F S. Chandler and Miss Emily Chandler. Mr. Chandler the successful landlord of the "Bethel House," appeared very smiling and gentlemanly, as he always does when he has the honor of seating a lady on one of his best horses.

Miss Chandler was not a whit behind in playing her part, consequently she appeared well.

3d. Mr. Geo. H. Young and Miss Ellen Towne. Mr. Young was very modest and sedate, sat easy on the horse—made a very good appearance.

Miss Towne appeareed much at home on her favorite steed, and seemed to understand her business as well as she does in her shop, selling goods to her numerous customers.

Mr. Moses M. Hastings and Miss Louisa Senter, of Bridgton. Mr. Hastings sat as straight and gracefully on the horse that he reminded us of his grandfather, General Hastings, who used to ride out at our musters; this is recommendation enough for any man. Miss Senter appeared well and showed that it was not a new exercise for her, she sat well and reined well.

Mr John W. Patridge and Miss Mary A. Mason Mr. Patridge had rather an unmanageable horse, but succeeded much better than your committee anticipated. Miss Mason is an experienced rider, sits gracefully on the horse and reins well, and when she made her appearance on her favorite steed, Old Charley, it was found by your committee that she would outstrip the flying Patridge, and did, in the opinion of your committee, bear off the premium.

Your committee must say, that after taking into consideration every thing, the hurried manner in which this ride was got up, and the inexperience of some of the riders; some of them using horses not trained to the business, it was a splendid affair far exceeding the expectations of your committee and reflects much credit to the company, for which they have the thanks of your committee.

Your committee would say to some of the gentlemen it would be well to sit up a little straighter and ride with a little longer stirrup, and one other little fault which we will not mention this week, but will next, if requested to by any of the company.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

S. H. CHAPMAN, *Chairman.*

Poetry.

Dad is Growing Old, John.

BY J. Q. WOOD.

Ay, Dad is growing old John,
His eyes are getting dim.
And years have on his shoulders laid
A heavy weight for him;
But you and I are young and hale,
And each a stalwart man,
And we must make his load as light
And easy as we can,

He used to take the brunt, John,
At cradle and the plow,
And earned our porridge by the sweat
That trickled from his brow.
Ye never heard we him complain,
Whate'er his toil might be.
Nor wanted e'er a welcome seat
Upon his solid knee.

But when our boy-strength came, John,
And sturdy grew each limb,
He brought us to the yonder field,
To share the toil with him.
But he went foremost in the swath,
Tossing aside the grass,
Just like the plow that heaves the soil,
Or ship that steers the main.

Now we must lead the way, John,
Through weather foul and fare,
And on the evening read and doze,
And to his easy-chair;
And he'll not mind it, John, you know,
At ever to tell us o'er
Those brave old tales of British times,
Of Grandad and the war.

I've heard you speak of Mam, John—
'Tis Gospel what you say.
That caring for the like of us
Has turned her head so gray
Yet, John, do I remember well
When neigabors called her vain,
And when her hair was long and like
A gleaming sheaf of grain.

Her lips were cherry red,
Her cheeks were round and fair,
And like a ripened peach they swelled
Against her wavy hear;
Her step fell lightly, as a leaf
From off the summer tree,
And all day busy at the wheel
She sang to you and me.

She had a buxom arm, John,
That wielded well the rod,
Whene'er with willful steps our feet
The path forbidden trod—
But to the heaven of her eye
We never looked in vain,
And evermore our yielding cry
Brought down her tears like rain.

But that is long ago, John:
And we are what we are,
And little heed we day by day
Her fading cheek and hair—
And when beneath her faithful breast
The tides no longer stir
'Tis then, John, that we most shall feel
We had no friend like her.

Sure, there can be no harm, John,
Thus speaking softly o'er
The blessed names of those are long,
Shall welcome us no more
Nay! hide it not—for why should'st thou
An honest tear discover?
The heart one day will lighter be,
Remembering it has flown.

For Dad is growing old, John,
His eyes are getting dim,
And Mam is treading softly down
The dim decline with him;
But you and I are young and hale,
And each a stalwart man,
As I we must make their path as smooth
And level as we can.

WATCHES & JEWELRY.

JOHN S. ABBOTT

Late of Boston

HAS just arrived from Boston with a Large and New Stock of

WATCHES, CLOCKS And Jewelry,

OF ALL KINDS!

Also a good assortment of

SILVER and PLATED

Spoons, Forks & Butter Knives,

With a general assortment of

Gold, Silver, Steel and Plated

SPECTACLES,

To suit all ages, together with a good assortment of useful and

FANCY GOODS,

SUCH AS

WALLETS,
PORT MONIES,
HAIR BRUSHES,
TOYS, SCISSORS,
RAZORS, GOLD and Steel PENS,
PERFUMERY,
HAIR OIL,
POCKET KNIVES,
VIOLIN STRINGS,
FISHING TACKLE,
WILLOW BASKETS,
PENS, INK,
WRITING PAPER,
PATENT MEDICINES,

and a great many other goods not specified here.

A good assortment of

BRASS CLOCKS!

Always on hand.

J. S. A. is fully prepared to put in perfect order all kinds of Watches and Clocks, and warrant them,—also all kinds of Jewelry

REPAIRED!

☞ New glass set in old Spectacle bows.

All goods sold or work done by him will be WARRANTED AS HE REPRESENTS.

Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange.

☞ Work done at Short Notice. 26

Bethel, Me., June 19, 1859. 26

R. J. D. LARRABEE,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Artist's Materials, Engravings.

Picture Frames, Looking Glasses, &c., &c.

A great variety of

Beautiful Engravings, Mezzotints and Lithographs, English, French and American Drawing Materials

Of the most approved Manufacture.

Gilt & Rosewood Picture Frames, Oval and Square of all Patterns. Supplies for the Grecian and Oriental Painting.

Also—New and Standard 1y20

SHEET MUSIC,

69 Exchange St., Portland, Me.

CARRIAGES! CARRIAGES!!

Come and Buy!

BURNHAM & MEAD,

HAVE on hand a large assortment of Carriages, such as

Box Buggies, side spring Buggies, Trotting Gigs and Sulkies,

Light Wagons for one or two Seats

And Express Wagons of different kinds, all of which will be sold very cheap for cash or approved credit. All kinds of Carriages & Sleighs made to order, and Warranted.

GIVE US A CALL!

P. Burnham, T. E. Mead.

Bethel, Me., June 15, 1859 6m27

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber being desirous of making new arrangements, offers for sale in part or the whole of the following property.

Saw Mill, Grist Mill, Clapboard Mill, and Starch Mills.

The above property is in good repair and will prove a good investment.

For further particulars enquire of

Wm. I. ABBOTT,

Abbott's Mills, Letter B.

ISLAND POND HOTEL,

Island Pond, Vt.

Through Trains dine here.

Way Trains remain over night.

Porters in attendance to convey Baggage to the house FREE OF CHARGE.

Stairs and Covered Passage from Depot to Hotel. 7 G. G. WATERHOUSE, Proprietor.

Elm House,

Fronting Congress & Temple Sts.,

PORTLAND, ME.

S. M. MARBLE & CO., Proprietors.

S. M. MARBLE, 15tf W. R. STEVENS, L. M. MARBLE

YOUNG AMERICA'S

Fashionable

CLOTHING

HAT, CAP & FURNISHING

DEPOT,

76 Middle Street, Portland.

T. C. WEBBER, PROPRIETOR.

☞ The only Establishment, where they do an exclusive Cash business. 23tf

DAVIS & BRADLEY,

General Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR AND CORN,

No. 97 Commercial S.,

(Head Portland Pier,) 7tf

Portland, Me.

J. ALLEN DAVIS. ROBERT BRADLEY

Every body is buying of

C. & O. H. MASON,

Who are selling lower than any one else.

GREAT EXCITEMENT!

200 Bbls.

OF

NEW PARIS MILLS

—and—

Peoples Mills

FLOUR!

FROM NEW WHEAT!

Just received, and for Sale by

C. & O. H. MASON,

FOR

$7.25 & 6,50 PER BBL.

Bethel, Sept. 30, 1859.

FIRE READY-MADE FALL & WINTER

CLOTHING.

ELEGANT OVERCOATS

FROCK & BUSINESS COATS

PANTS AND VESTS,

superbly made and trimmed,

At Lowest Prices for Cash,

—BY—

J. W. SMITH & CO.,

DOCK SQUARE, cor. Elm St.

BOSTON.

HAVING connection with all the largest manufacturing establishments in New York, together with home facilities, we enjoy superior advantages for supplying the very best goods at the lowest possible prices. The styles will be found to excel anything made in the New England States, and the workmanship far excels any thing heretofore offered in this market, and is so acknowledged by all who patronize our establishment.

We also make to order garments of every description, at short notice, at a small advance on he prices of our ready-made clothing.

Boston, Sept 20, 1859—ia3m41

SHERIFF'S SALE.

OXFORD ss August 29th, A. D. 1858.

TAKEN on Execution, and unless previously redeemed, will be sold, to the highest bidder, at Public Auction, on SATURDAY, the 8th day of October, A.D. 1859, at one o'clock in the afternoon at the office of Richard A. Frye, Esq., in Bethel, in said County, all the Right in Equity which Nelson P. Cummings, of Greenwood, in said County, had on the 26th day of October, A. D. 1858, at 8 o'clock P. M., (being the time when the same was attached on the original writ,) to redeem the following described mortgaged Real Estate, situated in said town of Greenwood, to wit: being lots numbered nine and ten in the fifth range of lots in said Greenwood, and in that part of said Town, formerly called Twitchell's Grant, containing two hundred acres more or less, and being the same Real Estate conveyed by the said Nelson P. Cummings, to Simeon Cummings, in his Mortgage Deed dated November [illegible] recorded with the Oxford Records, Book 99, page [illegible] to which Deed and record reference is made for a more particular description.

CYRUS WORMELL, *Deputy Sheriff.*

Card, Job & Card Printing Office,

No. 2, [illegible] BETHEL, ME.

BILL HEADS, SHOP BILLS

Cards,

Visiting and Wedding Cards,

Printed at short notice and on the most reasonable terms.

The office has a good assortment of material for

POSTER PRINTING,

OF ALL KINDS.

☞ Orders by mail or express promptly attended to.

James Nutting, Proprietor.

JAMES NUTTING,

Agent for the following Popular,

Patent Medicines, &c.

Kennedy's Discovery,	Peruvian Syrup,
Clark's Female Pills,	Sanford's Invigorator,
Langley's Bitters,	Hembold's Ex. Buchu
Wild Cherry Bitters,	Hookers Croup Syrup
Davis' Pain Killer,	Atwood's " "
Bryan's Pulm. Wafers,	Clark's " "
Drown's Troches,	Mrs. Winslow's Sooth.
Churchill's discovery for the treatment of Consumption.	ing Syrup.
	Radway's Ready Relief,
	Hungarian Balsam.
Dr. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.	Wister's Balsam Wild Cherry,
Ayre's Cherry Pectoral	Atwood's Jaundice Bitters,
Dr. Clark's European	
Cough Remedy,	Venetian Liniment,
True's Worm Elixir,	Atwell's Wild Cherry
McLane's Vermifuge,	Bitters,
Littlefield's Electrifier.	Atwell's Jaundice Bitters,
Golden Ointment,	
Marshall's Catarh Snuff	Mustang Liniment,
Parson's Rat Exter'or,	Condition Powders,
Dead Shot for Bedbugs,	Tobias' Horse Liniment

PERFUMERY &c.

Barney's Triple Extract	Rose Geranium,
Musk,	West End,
New Mown Hay,	Rose,
Upper Ten,	Verbena,
Airs of Heaven,	Mother's Coming,
Pechouly,	Musk Lavender,
Frangipanni,	Wood's Hair Restorer.
Kiss Me Quick,	Wood's Hair Oil,
Jocky Club	Cologne,
Boquet de Caroline,	Verbena Water, &c.

The above goods are received direct from the Manufacturers or their Agents, and can be relied upon as Genuine, and will be sold at the west market prices.

Bethel, June 19, 1859.

F. O. STAPLES, Agent,

DEALER IN

PERIODICALS!

NEWSPAPERS!

STATIONERY,

FANCY GOODS,

Foreign and Domestic Fruit,

TOBACCO

CIGARS!

Also—Agent for all the Popular

PATENT MEDICINES

Hair Restoratives, &c.,

68 Middle St., opp. Post Office,

PORTLAND, Me. 15tf

CHEAP FOR

CASH!

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF

GOODS!

adapted to the

COUNTRY TRADE!

Constantly on hand at

KIMBALL'S.

BETHEL, March 19, 1859. tf-13

COMMERCIAL HOUSE,

[illegible] Portland, Me.

N. J. DAVIS, Proprietor

The Bethel Courier.

A Weekly Family

VOL. 1.

The Bethel Courier.

JAMES NUTTING, Proprietor.

H. T. TRUE, Editor.

Published every FRIDAY MORNING—Office in Paragon's Block, BRIDGE HILL.

TERMS.

One Copy one year, (in advance) - - $1.00
" " six months, - - - - - .50

☞ If payment is delayed after the expiration of three months $1.25 will be charged, till the close of the year, $1.50.

All communications of a business character should be directed to the "BETHEL COURIER."

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

1 Square of 16 lines or less,	3 insertions,		$1.00
" " "	1 month,		$1.25
" " "	2 "		$2.00
" " "	3 "		$2.50
" " "	6 "		$4.50
" " "	1 year,		$8.00

☞ Transient Advertisements payable in advance.

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S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., No 10 State Street, Boston, and 122 Nassau st., N. Y.

HORACE C. LITTLE, Junc. Free & Middle Sts., Portland.

HOLT & POTTER, West Bethel.

No paper discontinued, unless at our option, until arrearages are paid.

No deduction will in any case be made from the advertised rates of the Courier.

Job Printing of all kinds executed with neatness and despatch at this office.

Business Cards.

H. F. BLANCHARD,

Counseller & Attorney at Law.

RUMFORD POINT,

36tf Oxford County, Me.

O'N. W. ROBINSON, JR.,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law

BETHEL HILL, Me.

R. A. FRYE,

Counseller & Attorney at Law

BETHEL HILL, Me.

M. MASON & CO.,

STOVE DEALERS,

BETHEL DEPOT, Me.

Also Manufacturers of TIN WARE.

BETHEL HOUSE,

BETHEL HILL, Me.

F. S. CHANDLER, Proprietor.

☞ Horses and Carriages to let.

J. E. SMALL,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

BETHEL HILL, Me.

A. DAVIS,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods,

Groceries, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, and Ready-Made Clothing.

BETHEL HILL, Me.

J. G. RICH,

HUNTER, TRAPPER,

And Guide.

Letter B., Oxford Co., Me.

March 25. 15tf.

HAMMONS & GIBSON,

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,

BETHEL HILL, Me.

SOLON ROBERTSON,

House and Sign

PAINTER,

Grainer, Glazier and Paper Hanger,

BETHEL HILL, Me. 20

☞ All Orders left with Mr. Sylvester Robertson will meet with prompt attention

E. B. GODDARD,

CABINET MAKER

BETHEL HILL, Me.

☞ COFFINS manufactured to order.

P. H. McCLOSKEY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

SWIFT'S BLOCK,

BETHEL HILL, Me.

D. A. TWITCHELL,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods and Groceries,

Ready Made Clothing, Crockery, &c.,

[illegible]

BETHEL HILL, Me.